

CMP 2016 RESOURCE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

SEMI - ANNUAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2017

The semi-annual management report of fund performance contains financial highlights, but does not contain the complete semi-annual or annual financial statements of the Partnership. For your reference, the semi-annual financial statements of the Partnership are attached to the semi-annual management report of fund performance. You may obtain additional copies of these documents or a copy of the annual financial statements at your request, and at no cost, by calling toll free 866.694.5672, by visiting our website at www.goodmanandcompany.com or SEDAR at www.sedar.com or by writing to us at: Goodman & Company, Investment Counsel Inc., 1 Adelaide Street East, Suite 2100, Toronto, Ontario, M5C 2V9.

Securityholders may also contact us using one of these methods to request a copy of the Partnership's proxy voting policies and procedures, proxy voting disclosure record or quarterly portfolio disclosure.

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared by Goodman & Company, Investment Counsel Inc. (“GCICI”), in its capacity as manager of CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership (the “Partnership”), and have been approved by the Board of Directors of Goodman GP Ltd., in Goodman GP Ltd.’s capacity as general partner (the “General Partner”) of the Partnership. The General Partner is responsible for the information and representations contained in these unaudited interim financial statements and the interim management report of fund performance.

GCICI maintains appropriate processes to provide reasonable assurance that relevant and reliable financial information is produced. The interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and include certain amounts that are based on estimates and judgments made by GCICI. The significant accounting policies which GCICI believes are appropriate for the Partnership are described in Note 3 to these unaudited interim financial statements.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP are the external auditors of the Partnership, appointed by the General Partner.

(signed)

ROBERT SELLARS
Chief Financial Officer
Goodman GP Ltd.

August 25, 2017

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

Investment Objective and Strategies

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership (the “Partnership”) aims to provide for a tax-assisted investment in a diversified portfolio of flow-through shares and other securities, if any, of resource companies with a view to earning income and achieving capital appreciation for limited partners.

The investment strategy of the Partnership entails initially investing primarily in flow-through shares of resource companies engaged in oil and gas or mining exploration, development and/or production or certain energy production that may incur Canadian renewable and conservation expense. The Partnership intends to invest such that limited partners with sufficient income will be entitled to claim certain investment tax credits, as well as deductions for Canadian federal income tax purposes in respect of Canadian exploration expense incurred and renounced to the Partnership. For tax purposes, any sale of flow-through shares generally is expected to result in a capital gain equal to the net proceeds as the cost of the flow-through shares is deemed to be \$nil.

Risks

The risks associated with investing in the Partnership are as described in the prospectus and are incorporated by reference herein.

Results of Operations¹

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017², the units of the Partnership (the “Units”) generated a total return of approximately 7.5% on a net asset value basis. Over the same period, the S&P/TSX Composite Index returned 0.7%. Unlike the returns of this index, the Partnership’s returns are reported net of all management fees and expenses. As such, the Partnership’s performance is not expected to equal the performance of this index. It may be more helpful for investors to compare the Partnership’s performance to that of other mutual funds with similar objectives and investment disciplines. Readers are also cautioned that the Partnership’s investment mandate is significantly different from the index shown. The S&P/TSX Composite Index encompasses approximately 95% of the market capitalization for Canadian-based, Toronto Stock Exchange listed companies.

After multiple years of sector underperformance, the bull rally for mining stocks that started in 2016, carried over to the first couple of months of 2017. The S&P/TSX Gold index peaked in February, up 20.0% since the beginning of the year, before ending the first six-month period of 2017 slightly higher, increasing 1.3%. The stocks diverged from the underlying commodity as gold was at its lowest point at the beginning of January and gradually reached a new high by the middle of June. The divergence was caused by money flowing out of mining stocks and into the broader market, as multiple indices were hitting all-time highs.

The performance of base metals stocks mirrored that of gold equities, but with much more volatility, reaching highs in February before finishing the first six-months in negative territory. The S&P/TSX Diversified Metals Index climbed 27.6% by the middle of February, before finishing the period down 10.2%. The underlying copper price was not as volatile as the equities and peaked in mid-February, before ending the period essentially flat.

The first half of 2017 was also a good period to be underweight oil companies. The price of oil began the year at \$55 per barrel, before hitting a low of \$42 per barrel in June and recovering to \$46 per barrel to close off the period. For the period, the S&P/TSX Oil Index trended lower, falling approximately 21.9%. This was due to an increase in production from the United States coupled with an inability of OPEC countries to stick to their quotas, leading to a glut in the oil market.

Mining companies with exploration successes continued to attract investors, while companies with limited news shed value over the period. The top performing names in the fund, Integra Gold and UEX, had very good exploration successes. As a result, Integra attracted a take-over offer, leading to an increase in value, while UEX rode the wave of higher valuations in the uranium space over the first few months of the year. The stocks that performed the worst over the period were

¹ All references to net assets or net asset value in this section refer to Transactional NAV as defined in the Financial Highlights section, which may differ from IFRS Net Assets.

² Unless otherwise indicated, references to the period refer to the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and the comparative period from commencement of operations on February 19, 2016 to June 30, 2016 throughout this document.

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

NextSource Materials and Ascot Resources. No negative news arose from these companies, and our investment thesis remains the same. The lack of news flow and general illiquidity from these companies led to small losses in the Partnership.

The following table highlights changes in both transactional net asset value (“Transactional NAV”) and net assets determined using International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS Net Assets”) during the period. Refer to the financial highlights section for further information on the differences between Transactional NAV and IFRS Net Assets.

Net Asset Value Comparison (\$CAD, in millions)

	Transactional NAV	IFRS Net Assets
Balance, January 1, 2017	\$17.3	\$17.5
Investment performance	1.7	1.9
Net fees and expenses ^(a)	(0.4)	(0.5)
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$18.6	\$18.9

(a) Net of interest and dividend income. Transaction costs are expensed in calculating IFRS Net Assets.

Borrowing

The Partnership established credit facilities with a Canadian chartered bank (the “Bank”) up to an amount not exceeding \$1,729,000. The loan proceeds were used for the payment of issuance costs, and the Partnership provided the Bank with a security interest in all of the assets of the Partnership. The maximum and minimum amounts borrowed during the period ended June 30, 2017 were approximately \$1,685,000 (December 31, 2016 - \$1,685,000) and \$1,685,000 (December 31, 2016 - \$948,000), respectively. The average annual interest rate on the outstanding balances during the period ended June 30, 2017 was 2.70% (June 30, 2016 – 2.52%).

As at June 30, 2017, bank borrowings were approximately \$1,685,000 (December 31, 2016 - \$1,685,000) and represented 9.1% (December 31, 2016 - 9.8%) of Transactional NAV. For the period ended June 30, 2017, the Partnership incurred interest expense of approximately \$23,000 (June 30, 2016 – \$12,000).

Related Party Transactions

The following arrangements result in fees paid by the Partnership to Goodman & Company, Investment Counsel Inc. (“GCICI” or the “Manager”) or to companies affiliated with the Partnership.

Management Fees

The Partnership pays the Manager a management fee for the continuous advice, recommendations and services, including key management personnel, provided to the Partnership. This includes acting as the manager, portfolio advisor and principal distributor to the Partnership. The Manager is also responsible for the Partnership’s day-to-day operations.

The management fee is an annualized rate of 2% plus taxes based on the Transactional NAV of the Partnership and is accrued daily and paid monthly as a percentage of the month end Transactional NAV, in accordance with the terms of the management agreement for the Partnership.

In consideration for portfolio advisory services received from the Manager, the Partnership incurred a management fee, inclusive of sales tax, of approximately \$219,000 (June 30, 2016 - \$165,000) for the period ended June 30, 2017.

Performance Bonus

The Manager is entitled to a performance bonus to be paid by the Partnership equal to 20% of the amount by which the net asset value per Unit exceeds \$1,120 on the performance bonus date. The performance bonus is calculated on a per Unit basis and multiplied by the number of Units existing at the performance bonus date. The performance bonus date is on the earlier of (i) the date on which the Partnership assets are transferred pursuant to a mutual fund rollover transaction; (ii) the day a liquidity alternative is completed; and (iii) the day immediately prior to the date the assets of the Partnership are distributed in connection with the dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Partnership. The performance bonus will be calculated on the performance bonus date and paid as soon as practicable thereafter. As at June 30, 2017 and 2016, no performance bonus was paid or payable to the Manager.

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

Operating Expenses and Administrative Services

The Partnership is responsible for its operating expenses relating to the carrying on of its business, including custodial services, legal, independent review committee fees, audit fees, transfer agency services and the cost of financial and other reports in compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and policies. Such expenses are accrued daily. The Manager pays for such expenses on behalf of the Partnership, except for certain expenses such as interest, and is subsequently reimbursed by the Partnership. As at June 30, 2017, the Partnership owed the Manager approximately \$56,000 (December 31, 2016 - \$41,000) for expenses paid on the Partnership's behalf.

In addition, the Partnership incurred expenses paid or payable to the Manager, or to companies affiliated with the Manager, of approximately \$72,000 (June 30, 2016 - \$52,000) for administrative services, overhead in nature, performed by the Manager during the period.

Commissions and Related Brokerage Commissions

Brokerage commissions of approximately \$57,000 (June 30, 2016 - \$8,000) were paid on securities transactions during the period. Of this amount, Dundee Securities Ltd. ("DSL"), an affiliate of GCICI, received approximately \$14,000 (June 30, 2016 - \$nil). Soft dollar commissions, if any, represent amounts paid indirectly to third parties through a broker or dealer for services received by the Partnership that do not pertain to trading execution. There were no soft dollar commissions paid by the Partnership during the period.

Inter-Fund Trades

The Partnership may, from time to time, enter into security trades with other investment funds managed by the Manager. These trades will be executed through market intermediaries and under prevailing market terms and conditions. Any such trades will be executed in accordance with applicable securities laws, the Manager's policies and procedures and with the approval of the IRC (see "*Standing Instructions from the Independent Review Committee*" below). The Partnership did not enter into any security trades with other investment funds managed by the Manager.

Underwriting of Securities

The Partnership invests in flow-through shares through registered dealers, which may also include DSL. Commissions or finder's fees on flow-through shares are paid directly from the issuer of the shares to the broker/dealer. In certain circumstances, DSL and the other agents may be entitled to receive fees and, in some cases, rights to purchase shares in connection with the sale of flow-through shares to the Partnership.

Standing Instructions from the Independent Review Committee

Pursuant to National Instrument 81-107 – "Independent Review Committee for Investment Funds", the Manager has appointed an independent review committee ("IRC") to oversee the Partnership. Costs and expenses directly associated with the operations of the IRC, including remuneration of IRC members, are chargeable to the Partnership. As at June 30, 2017, the IRC consisted of three members, all of whom are independent of the Manager.

The Partnership received the following standing instructions with respect to related party transactions from the IRC:

- (i) paying brokerage commissions to DSL for effecting security transactions on an agency and principal basis on behalf of the Partnership (referred to as "Related Brokerage Commissions");
- (ii) subject to receipt of exemptive relief in certain circumstances, purchases or sales of securities of an issuer from or to another investment fund managed by the Manager;
- (iii) executing foreign exchange transactions with DSL on behalf of the Partnership; and
- (iv) participating in an underwriting involving DSL acting in its capacity as an investment dealer on behalf of the issuer.

The applicable standing instructions require the Manager to establish policies and procedures that it will follow with respect to related party transactions. The Manager is required to advise the IRC of any material breach of a condition of the standing instructions.

The standing instructions require, among other things, that the investment decision in respect to a related party transaction: (a) is made by the Manager, free from any influence by any related entity and without taking into account any consideration to the Manager or any associate or affiliate of the Manager; (b) represents the business judgment of the Manager, uninfluenced by considerations other than the best interests of the Partnership; and (c) is made in compliance with the Manager's written policies and procedures. Transactions made by the Manager, under the standing instructions are subsequently reviewed by the IRC to monitor compliance.

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

The Partnership relied on IRC standing instructions regarding related party transactions during the period. The Partnership paid approximately \$3,000 (June 30, 2016 - \$3,000) for IRC fees for the period ended June 30, 2017. These costs are included in “Unitholder administration costs” on the interim Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Financial Highlights

The following tables show selected key financial information about the Partnership and are intended to help readers understand the Partnership’s financial performance for the period indicated. The information on the following tables is based on prescribed regulations. As a result, subtotals are not expected to equal aggregate totals due to the decrease in net assets from operations being based on the weighted average number of Units outstanding during the period and all other numbers being based on actual number of Units outstanding at the relevant point in time.

The Partnership’s Net Assets per Unit⁽¹⁾ (Partnership commencement of operations February 19, 2016)

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Net assets, beginning of period	\$783.62	\$1,000.00
Issuance costs	1.63	(77.50)
Net assets, beginning of period, adjusted ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$785.25	\$922.50
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations:		
Total revenue	\$0.04	\$0.41
Total expenses	(19.50)	(31.52)
Realized gain for the period	48.53	71.85
Unrealized gain (loss) for the period	34.99	(69.20)
Total increase (decrease) in net assets from operations ⁽²⁾	\$64.06	(\$28.46)
Premium paid on acquisition of flow-through shares	-	(\$114.33)
Net assets, end of period ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽⁶⁾	\$849.31	\$783.62

Ratios and Supplemental Data

Total net asset value (in 000’s) ⁽⁶⁾	\$18,573	\$17,277
Number of Units outstanding	22,310	22,310
Management fee	2.00%	2.00%
Management expense ratio (“MER”) ⁽³⁾	3.87%*	12.54%*
MER before waivers or absorptions ⁽³⁾	3.87%*	12.54%*
Trading expense ratio (“TER”) ⁽⁴⁾	0.58%*	0.14%*
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁵⁾	24.49%	67.70%
Net Asset value per Unit ⁽⁶⁾	\$832.49	\$774.40

* Annualized, except for issuance costs included in the MER which are treated as one-time expenses.

- (1) This information is derived from the Partnership’s audited financial statements (for period ended December 31, 2016) and unaudited interim (for current period end) financial statements. Net assets per Unit presented in the interim financial statements may differ from net asset value calculated for pricing purposes. An explanation of these differences, if any, can be found in the notes to the audited financial statements. Some of the \$nil balances reported in the Financial Highlights may include amounts that are rounded to zero.
- (2) Net assets per Unit are based on the actual number of Units outstanding at the relevant time. The increase (decrease) in net assets from operations per Unit is based on the weighted average number of Units outstanding over the period.
- (3) The management expense ratio (“MER”) is based on the total expenses (excluding commissions and other portfolio transaction costs) of the Partnership for the stated period expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the period. The June 30, 2017 MER is an annualized MER, which is calculated in accordance with regulatory requirements. This ratio is subject to change due to fluctuations in the average net asset value, and in the expenses charged to the Partnership over the remainder of the fiscal year, and may differ significantly from the final MER for the year ending December 31, 2017. The following MER statistics are presented for information purposes.

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
MER excluding issuance costs	3.87%	3.46%
MER excluding issuance costs and sales tax	3.45%	3.08%

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

- (4) The trading expense ratio (“TER”) represents total commissions and other portfolio transaction costs of the Partnership expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value of the Partnership during the period.
- (5) The Partnership’s portfolio turnover rate indicates how actively the portfolio advisor manages its portfolio investments. A portfolio turnover rate of 100% is equivalent to an investment fund buying and selling all of the securities in its portfolio once in the course of the fiscal period. The higher the portfolio turnover rate in a period, the greater the trading costs payable by an investment fund in the period and the greater the chance of an investor receiving taxable capital gains in the period. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high turnover rate and the performance of an investment fund. The portfolio turnover rate is calculated by dividing the lesser of the cost of purchases and the proceeds of sales of portfolio securities for the period by the average market value of investments during the period.
- (6) National Instrument 81-106 – “Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure” (“NI 81-106”) requires all investment funds to calculate net asset value for all purposes other than for financial statements in accordance with part 14.2, which differs in some respects from the requirements of IFRS. In accordance with IFRS, the fair value of warrants is determined using Black-Scholes, whereas for the Transactional NAV, the warrants are valued intrinsically. In addition, IFRS Net Assets includes an adjustment for a change in estimated issuance costs. A reconciliation between Transactional NAV and IFRS Net Assets is provided below.

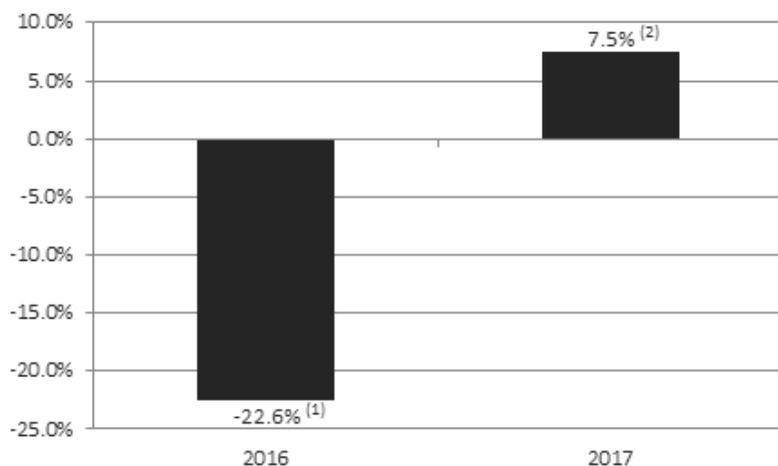
As at June 30, 2017	Total in \$000's	Per Unit (\$)
Transactional NAV	18,573	832.49
Valuation adjustment	339	15.19
Issuance cost adjustment	36	1.63
IFRS Net Assets	18,948	849.31

Management Fee

The Partnership pays a management fee to its Manager for the sole provision of portfolio advisory services. The management fee is calculated at an annualized rate of 2% of the Transactional NAV of the Partnership and is accrued daily and paid monthly.

Past Performance

The following chart shows the annual performance of the Partnership and illustrates how the Partnership’s performance has varied from year to year. The chart shows, in percentage terms, how much an investment held on the first day of each year would have increased or decreased by the last day of each year. Past performance of the Partnership will not necessarily indicate how the Partnership will perform in the future.



- (1) Since commencement of the Partnership on February 19, 2016 to December 31, 2016
(2) Six month period ended June 30, 2017

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

Summary of Investment Portfolio as at June 30, 2017

The Summary of Investment Portfolio may change due to ongoing portfolio transactions. Updates are available quarterly online (www.goodmanandcompany.com), 60 days after quarter-end, except for December 31, which is the fiscal year-end, when they are available after 90 days.

By Country / Region	Percentage of Total Net Asset Value [†]
Canada	65.4
United States	13.6

By Asset Type	Percentage of Total Net Asset Value [†]
Equities and Warrants	65.4
Cash	31.1
Fixed Income	13.6
Other Net Liabilities	(10.1)

By Industry	Percentage of Total Net Asset Value [†]
Gold and Precious Metals	37.2
Energy (Other) [^]	22.7
Diversified Metals and Mining	19.1

All Holdings	Percentage of Total Net Asset Value [†]
Cash	31.1
NextSource Materials Inc.	16.0
Braggawatt Energy Inc. Convertible Debenture, 5% Dec. 31, 19	13.6
Ascot Resources Ltd.	8.6
IsoEnergy Ltd.	6.0
Probe Metals Inc.	5.6
Beaufield Resources Inc.	5.4
Premier Gold Mines Ltd.	5.0
Erdene Resource Development Corp.	3.5
Denison Mines Corp.	3.0
Aurania Resources Ltd., Restricted	2.9
Cabral Gold Ltd., Restricted	2.7
North American Nickel Inc.	2.5
Dolly Varden Silver Corp.	2.0
OK2 Minerals Ltd.	1.4
Nouveau Monde Graphite Inc.	0.6
Alexandria Minerals Corp., Warrants, \$0.10 Jun. 10, 19	0.0
Aurania Resources Ltd., Warrants, \$3.00 Oct. 19, 18	0.0
Braggawatt Energy Inc., Restricted	0.0
North American Nickel Inc., Warrants, \$0.12 Jun. 8, 19	0.0
Probe Metals Inc., Warrants, \$1.75 Feb. 17, 18	0.0

[†] This refers to Transactional NAV which was approximately \$18,573,000 as at June 30, 2017.

[^] The “Energy (Other)” component of the portfolio consists of companies whose primary focus is on the exploration, development and production of alternative energy sources (outside of oil and natural gas), including uranium, wind generation and geothermal energy.

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

Caution Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain portions of this report, including, but not limited to, “Results of Operations” and “Recent Developments”, may contain forward-looking statements about the Partnership, as applicable, including statements with respect to strategy, risks, expected performance and condition. Forward-looking statements include statements that are predictive in nature, that depend upon or refer to future events or conditions, or that include words such as “expects”, “anticipates”, “intends”, “plans”, “believes”, “estimates” and similar forward-looking expressions or negative versions thereof.

In addition, any statement that may be made concerning future performance, strategies or prospects and possible future Partnership action is also a forward-looking statement. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and projections about future general economic, political and relevant market factors, such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity and capital markets, and the general business environment, in each case assuming no changes to applicable tax or other laws or government regulation. Expectations and projections about future events are inherently subject to, among other things, risks and uncertainties, some of which may be unforeseeable. Accordingly, current assumptions concerning future economic and other factors may prove to be incorrect at a future date.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual events could differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statements made by the Partnership. Any number of important factors could contribute to these digressions, including, but not limited to, general economic, political and market factors in North America and internationally, such as interest and foreign exchange rates, global equity and capital markets, business competition, technological change, changes in government regulations, unexpected judicial or regulatory proceedings and catastrophic events. We stress that the above mentioned list of important factors is not exhaustive.

We encourage readers to consider these and other factors carefully before making any investment decisions and we urge readers to avoid placing any undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Further, readers should be aware of the fact that the Partnership has no specific intention of updating any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, prior to the release of the next management report of fund performance.

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (unaudited)

As at (in 000's of Canadian dollars except number of Units and per Unit amounts)	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Assets		
Current assets		
Investments, at fair value	\$15,014	\$19,015
Cash	5,778	344
	20,792	19,359
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Loan payable (Note 5)	1,685	1,685
Management fee payable	35	33
Interest expense payable	11	11
Accrued expenses	113	111
Issuance costs payable	–	36
	1,844	1,876
Net assets - representing partners' equity (Note 7)	18,948	17,483
Partners' capital	20,617	20,581
Accumulated deficit	(1,669)	(3,098)
	18,948	17,483
Number of Units outstanding (Note 7)	22,310	22,310
Net assets per Unit (Note 8)	\$849.31	\$783.62

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (unaudited)

For the period ended (Note 1) (in 000s of Canadian dollars except per Unit amounts)	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Income		
Interest income	\$1	\$3
Other changes in fair value of investments:		
Net change in unrealized appreciation in value of investments	780	1,716
Net realized gain on sale of investments	1,083	148
	1,864	1,867
Expenses (Note 6)		
Management fees	219	165
Unitholder administration costs	72	61
Transaction costs	57	8
Unitholder reporting costs	27	18
Audit fees	23	20
Interest expense (Note 5)	23	12
Custodian fees and bank charges	10	7
Legal fees	4	4
	435	295
Increase in net assets from operations	1,429	1,572
Increase in net assets from operations per Unit (Note 9)	\$64.05	\$75.37

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS REPRESENTING PARTNERS' EQUITY (unaudited)

For the period ended (Note 1)	Partners' capital	Accumulated surplus	Total
(in 000s of Canadian dollars)			
Balance, February 19, 2016	\$-	\$-	\$-
Proceeds from issuance of Units	22,310	-	22,310
Increase in net assets from operations	-	1,572	1,572
Issuance costs	(1,612)	-	(1,612)
Premium paid on acquisition of flow-through shares	-	(1,370)	(1,370)
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$20,698	\$202	\$20,900
Balance, January 1, 2017	\$20,581	(\$3,098)	\$17,483
Increase in net assets from operations	-	1,429	1,429
Issuance costs	36	-	36
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$20,617	(\$1,669)	\$18,948

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

For the period ended (Note 1)	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
(in 000s of Canadian dollars)		
Operating activities:		
Increase in net assets from operations	\$1,429	\$1,572
Adjustments for:		
Net change in unrealized appreciation in value of investments	(780)	(1,716)
Net realized gain on sale of investments	(1,083)	(148)
Investments purchased	(4,025)	(11,825)
Proceeds from sale of investments	9,889	2,137
Increase in accrued expenses and management fee payable	4	122
Net cash used in operating activities	5,434	(9,858)
Financing activities:		
Gross proceeds from issue	-	22,310
Issuance costs	-	(1,608)
Increase in loan payable	-	1,285
Net cash provided by financing activities	-	21,987
Net cash provided during the period	5,434	12,129
Cash, beginning of period	344	-
Cash, end of period	5,778	12,129
Cash flows from operating activities include:		
Interest received	\$1	\$3
Interest paid	\$23	\$10

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (unaudited)

As at June 30, 2017

	Number of Shares	Cost† (000's)	Carrying Value (000's)
EQUITIES AND WARRANTS (66.1%)			
Diversified Metals and Mining (19.2%)			
NextSource Materials Inc.	45,714,286	\$3,200	\$2,970
North American Nickel Inc.	6,667,000	500	467
North American Nickel Inc., Warrants, \$0.12 Jun. 8, 19*	3,333,500	-	71
Nouveau Monde Graphite Inc.	416,667	125	117
		3,825	3,625
Energy (Other) (8.9%)			
Braggawatt Energy Inc., Restricted*	390	1	1
Denison Mines Corp.	1,000,000	820	560
IsoEnergy Ltd.	1,432,500	1,576	1,117
		2,397	1,678
Gold and Precious Metals (38.0%)			
Alexandria Minerals Corp., Warrants, \$0.10 Jun. 10, 19*	4,166,500	-	122
Ascot Resources Ltd.	850,000	1,912	1,606
Aurania Resources Ltd., Warrants, \$3.00 Oct. 19, 18*	125,000	-	163
Aurania Resources Ltd., Restricted*	250,000	500	534
Beaufield Resources Inc.	4,700,000	957	952
Cabral Gold Ltd., Restricted*	8,333,334	500	500
Dolly Varden Silver Corp.	715,000	501	372
Erdene Resource Development Corp.	649,400	500	649
OK2 Minerals Ltd.	2,941,177	500	265
Premier Gold Mines Ltd.	316,525	1,582	927
Probe Metals Inc.	781,250	1,000	1,047
Probe Metals Inc., Warrants, \$1.75 Feb. 17, 18*	390,625	-	42
		7,952	7,179
FIXED INCOME (13.4%)			
Energy (Other) (13.4%)			
Braggawatt Energy Inc. Convertible Debenture, 5% Dec. 31, 19*	1,950,000	2,627	2,532
		2,627	2,532
COST AND CARRYING VALUE OF INVESTMENTS (79.5%)		16,801	15,014
PREMIUM PAID ON ACQUISITION OF FLOW-THROUGH SHARES		-	-
TRANSACTION COSTS (0.00%) (Note 3)		(5)	-
TOTAL COST AND CARRYING VALUE OF INVESTMENTS (79.5%)		16,796	15,014

Average cost or fair values of some securities may include non-zero amounts that are rounded to zero.

†Where applicable, distributions received from holdings as a return of capital are used to reduce the adjusted cost base of the securities in the portfolio.

* These securities have no quoted market values and are valued using valuation techniques.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

1. The Partnership

a) Organization of the Limited Partnership

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership (the “Partnership”) was formed as a limited partnership under the laws of the Province of Ontario. The Partnership aims to provide for a tax-assisted investment in a diversified portfolio of flow-through shares and other securities, if any, of resource companies with a view to earning income and achieving capital appreciation for limited partners. The Partnership was formed on January 26, 2016, and Partnership units (the “Units”) were issued on February 19, 2016. The principal office of the Partnership is located at 1 Adelaide Street East, Suite 2100, Toronto, Ontario, M5C 2V9.

Goodman GP Ltd. (the “General Partner”) is the General Partner of the Partnership. The General Partner is responsible for the management of the Partnership in accordance with the terms and conditions of the partnership agreement. These interim financial statements were approved for issue by the General Partner on August 25, 2017.

b) Manager

The Partnership has retained Goodman & Company, Investment Counsel Inc. (“GCICI” or the “Manager”) as the investment fund manager of the Partnership. The Manager is responsible for providing investment, management, administrative and other services to the Partnership. The Manager is a wholly owned subsidiary of Dundee Corporation, a public Canadian independent holding company listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol “DC.A”.

c) Financial Reporting Dates

The interim Statements of Financial Position are as at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. The interim Statements of Comprehensive Income, Changes in Net Assets Representing Partners’ Equity, and Cash Flows are for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and the period from commencement of operations on February 19, 2016 to June 30, 2016. Throughout this document, reference to the period or periods refers to the reporting period or periods described here.

These interim financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of the Partnership and, as such, do not include all assets, liabilities, revenues or expenses of the partners.

2. Basis of Presentation

These interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, including International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 34 – Interim Financial Reporting. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”).

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Fair Value Measurement

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and trading securities) is based on quoted market prices. In accordance with the provisions of the Partnership’s prospectus, investment positions are valued based on the last traded market price for the purpose of determining the transactional net asset value (“Transactional NAV”) per Unit. For financial reporting purposes, the Partnership uses the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within that day’s bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value, as appropriate.

b) Financial Instruments

The Partnership recognizes financial instruments at fair value upon initial recognition, plus transaction costs in cases pertaining to financial instruments measured at amortized cost. The Partnership’s investments are classified as financial instruments carried at fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”). Some of the Partnership’s investments have been classified as financial instruments at FVTPL as they meet the criteria for designation as held-for-trading (“HFT”) securities. The Partnership has elected to designate other investments that do not meet the HFT criteria as financial assets at FVTPL (“Designated FVTPL”).

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited) (cont'd)

c) **Flow-Through Shares**

The Partnership invests in flow-through shares. The purchase price of such shares inherently includes the purchase of the flow-through tax deduction. The portion of the purchase price for flow-through shares which the Partnership incurred to acquire the flow-through tax deductions are charged to equity. The value of the flow-through deduction is considered to be the difference between the purchase price of flow-through shares and the fair value of such shares trading without flow-through deductions and is reflected in the interim Statements of Changes in Net Assets Representing Partners' Equity as "Premium paid on acquisition of flow-through shares".

d) **Other Assets and Liabilities**

"Cash" is a financial instrument designated as loans and receivables and is recorded at amortized cost. Similarly, "Loan payable", "Accrued expenses", "Management fee payable", "Interest expense payable", and "Issuance costs payable", are financial instruments designated as other financial liabilities and are recorded at amortized cost. Amortized cost approximates fair value for these assets and liabilities, as they are short term in nature.

Under the amortized cost method, financial assets and liabilities reflect the amount required to be received or paid, discounted, when appropriate, at the contract's effective interest rate.

e) **Investment Transactions**

Investment transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. The cost of investments represents the amount paid for each security, excluding transaction costs.

f) **Transaction Costs**

Transaction costs are incremental costs directly attributable to the acquisition, issuance or disposal of an investment, which include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisors, brokers and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges and transfer taxes and duties. Transaction costs related to financial instruments measured at FVTPL are expensed as incurred.

g) **Income Recognition/Derecognition**

The Partnership recognizes financial assets or liabilities designated at FVTPL on the trade date, which is the date it commits to purchase the instruments. From this date, any gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of the assets or liabilities are recognized in the interim Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have been transferred to another entity. The Partnership derecognizes financial liabilities when the Partnership's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

Interest income is accrued as earned and dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

h) **Translation of Foreign Currency**

The presentation currency for the Partnership is the Canadian dollar which is also its functional currency. Any currency other than the Canadian dollar represents foreign currency to the Partnership.

The fair value of investments and other assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency are translated into Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange which is current on the valuation date. Transactions denominated in a foreign currency are translated into Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the transactions. Unrealized foreign currency gains or losses on investments are included in the interim Statements of Comprehensive Income in "Net change in unrealized appreciation in value of investments".

i) **Increase in Net Assets from Operations per Unit**

The "Increase in net assets from operations per Unit" is disclosed in the interim Statements of Comprehensive Income and represents the increase in net assets from operations for the period divided by the weighted average number of Units outstanding during the period. Refer to Note 9 for the calculation of the increase in net assets from operations per Unit.

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited) (cont'd)

j) **Allocation of Partnership Income and Loss**

100% of any Canadian Exploration Expense (“CEE”) renounced to the Partnership with an effective date in such fiscal year and 99.99% of the net income or net loss of the Partnership for the fiscal year is allocated to limited partners at the end of the fiscal year in proportion to the number of limited partnership Units owned. The Partnership is not itself a taxable entity. Accordingly, no provision for income tax is required. The General Partner is entitled to 0.01% of the net income or net loss of the Partnership.

k) **Non-Zero Amounts**

Some of the balances reported in the interim financial statements may include amounts that are rounded to zero.

l) **Accounting Standards Issued but Not Yet Adopted**

The final version of IFRS 9 - *Financial Instruments* (“IFRS 9”), was issued by the International Accounting Standards Board in July 2014 and will replace IAS 39 - *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* (“IAS 39”). IFRS 9 introduces a model for classification and measurement, a single, forward-looking expected loss impairment model and a substantially reformed approach to hedge accounting. The new single, principle based approach for determining the classification of financial assets is driven by cash flow characteristics and the business model in which an asset is held. The new model also results in a single impairment model being applied to all financial instruments, which will require more timely recognition of expected credit losses. It also includes changes in respect of an entity’s own credit risk in measuring liabilities elected to be measured at fair value, so that gains caused by the deterioration of an entity’s own credit risk on such liabilities are no longer recognized in profit or loss. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Partnership is in the process of assessing the impact of IFRS 9, and it will not adopt the new standard early.

4. **Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments**

The preparation of financial statements requires management to use judgment in applying its accounting policies and to make estimates and assumptions about the future. The following discusses the most significant accounting judgments and estimates that the Manager has made in preparing the interim financial statements.

a) **Classification and Measurement of Investments and Application of the Fair Value Option**

Significant judgment is applied by the Partnership in determining whether financial instruments that do not meet the HFT criteria may be classified as Designated FVTPL. In determining whether a financial instrument may be classified as Designated FVTPL, the Partnership must assess whether the financial instrument is part of a group of financial instruments that is managed and its performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a specified investment strategy.

b) **Fair Value Measurement of Securities Not Quoted in an Active Market**

Key areas of estimation, where the Manager has made complex or subjective judgments, include the determination of fair values of financial instruments that are not quoted in an active market. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not quoted in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. The use of valuation techniques for financial instruments that are not quoted in an active market requires the Manager to make assumptions that are based on market conditions existing as at the date of the financial statements. Changes in these assumptions as a result of changes in market conditions could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments. Valuation techniques used include the application of liquidity discounts to quoted market prices, when valuing listed equities that are subject to sale restrictions, and option pricing models.

5. **Borrowing**

The Partnership established credit facilities with a Canadian chartered bank (the “Bank”) up to an amount not exceeding \$1,729,000. The loan proceeds were used for the payment of issuance costs, and the Partnership provided the Bank with a security interest in all of the assets of the Partnership. The maximum and minimum amounts borrowed during the period ended June 30, 2017 were approximately \$1,685,000 (December 31, 2016 - \$1,685,000) and \$1,685,000 (December 31, 2016 - \$948,000), respectively. The average annual interest rate on the outstanding balances during the period ended June 30, 2017 was 2.70% (June 30, 2016 - 2.52%).

As at June 30, 2017, bank borrowings were approximately \$1,685,000 (December 31, 2016 - \$1,685,000), and represented approximately 9.1% (December 31, 2016 - 9.8%) of net assets. For the period ended June 30, 2017, the Partnership incurred interest expense of approximately \$23,000 (June 30, 2016 - \$12,000).

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited) (cont'd)

6. Expenses and Related Party Transactions

a) Management Fee

The Partnership pays the Manager a management fee for the continuous advice, recommendations and services, including key management personnel, provided to the Partnership. This includes acting as the manager, portfolio advisor and principal distributor to the Partnership. The Manager is also responsible for the Partnership's day-to-day operations.

The management fee is an annualized rate of 2% plus taxes based on the Transactional NAV of the Partnership and is accrued daily and paid monthly as a percentage of the month end Transactional NAV, in accordance with the terms of the management agreement for the Partnership.

In consideration for portfolio advisory services received from the Manager, the Partnership incurred a management fee, inclusive of sales tax, of approximately \$219,000 (June 30, 2016 - \$165,000) for the period ended June 30, 2017.

b) Performance Bonus

The Manager is entitled to a performance bonus to be paid by the Partnership equal to 20% of the amount by which the net asset value per Unit exceeds \$1,120 on the performance bonus date. The performance bonus is calculated on a per Unit basis and multiplied by the number of Units existing at the performance bonus date. The performance bonus date is on the earlier of (i) the date on which the Partnership assets are transferred pursuant to a mutual fund rollover transaction; (ii) the day a liquidity alternative is completed; and (iii) the day immediately prior to the date the assets of the Partnership are distributed in connection with the dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Partnership. The performance bonus will be calculated on the performance bonus date and paid as soon as practicable thereafter. As at June 30, 2017 and 2016, no performance bonus was paid or payable to the Manager.

c) Operating Expenses and Administrative Services

The Partnership is responsible for its operating expenses relating to the carrying on of its business, including custodial services, legal, independent review committee fees, audit fees, transfer agency services and the cost of financial and other reports in compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and policies. Such expenses are accrued daily. The Manager pays for such expenses on behalf of the Partnership, except for certain expenses such as interest, and is subsequently reimbursed by the Partnership. As at June 30, 2017, the Partnership owed the Manager approximately \$56,000 (December 31, 2016 - \$41,000) for expenses paid on the Partnership's behalf.

In addition, the Partnership incurred expenses paid or payable to the Manager, or to companies affiliated with the Manager, of approximately \$72,000 (June 30, 2016 - \$52,000) for administrative services, overhead in nature, performed by the Manager during the period.

d) Commissions and Related Party Brokerage Commissions

Brokerage commissions of approximately \$57,000 (June 30, 2016 - \$8,000) were paid on securities transactions during the period. Of this amount, Dundee Securities Ltd. ("DSL"), an affiliate of GCICI, received approximately \$14,000 (June 30, 2016 - \$nil). Soft dollar commissions, if any, represent amounts paid indirectly to third parties through a broker or dealer for services received by the Partnership that do not pertain to trading execution. There were no soft dollar commissions paid by the Partnership during the period.

e) Inter-Fund Trades

The Partnership may, from time to time, enter into security trades with other investment funds managed by the Manager. These trades will be executed through market intermediaries and under prevailing market terms and conditions. Any such trades will be executed in accordance with applicable securities laws, the Manager's policies and procedures and with the approval of the IRC (see "*Standing Instructions from the Independent Review Committee*" below). The Partnership did not enter into any security trades with other investment funds managed by the Manager.

f) Underwriting of Securities

The Partnership invests in flow-through shares through registered dealers, which may also include DSL. Commissions or finder's fees on flow-through shares are paid directly from the issuer of the shares to the broker/dealer. In certain circumstances, DSL and the other agents may be entitled to receive fees and, in some cases, rights to purchase shares in connection with the sale of flow-through shares to the Partnership.

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited) (cont'd)

g) Standing Instructions from the Independent Review Committee

Pursuant to National Instrument 81-107 – “Independent Review Committee for Investment Funds”, the Manager has appointed an independent review committee (“IRC”) to oversee the Partnership. Costs and expenses directly associated with the operations of the IRC, including remuneration of IRC members, are chargeable to the Partnership. As at June 30, 2017, the IRC consisted of three members, all of whom are independent of the Manager.

The Partnership received the following standing instructions with respect to related party transactions from the IRC:

- (i) paying brokerage commissions to DSL for effecting security transactions on an agency and principal basis on behalf of the Partnership (referred to as “Related Brokerage Commissions”);
- (ii) subject to receipt of exemptive relief in certain circumstances, purchases or sales of securities of an issuer from or to another investment fund managed by the Manager;
- (iii) executing foreign exchange transactions with DSL on behalf of the Partnership; and
- (iv) participating in an underwriting involving DSL acting in its capacity as an investment dealer on behalf of the issuer.

The applicable standing instructions require the Manager to establish policies and procedures that it will follow with respect to related party transactions. The Manager is required to advise the IRC of any material breach of a condition of the standing instructions.

The standing instructions require, among other things, that the investment decision in respect to a related party transaction: (a) is made by the Manager, free from any influence by any related entity and without taking into account any consideration to the Manager or any associate or affiliate of the Manager; (b) represents the business judgment of the Manager, uninfluenced by considerations other than the best interests of the Partnership; and (c) is made in compliance with the Manager’s written policies and procedures. Transactions made by the Manager, under the standing instructions are subsequently reviewed by the IRC to monitor compliance.

The Partnership relied on IRC standing instructions regarding related party transactions during the period.

The Partnership paid approximately \$3,000 (June 30, 2016 - \$3,000) for IRC fees for the period ended June 30, 2017. These costs are included in “Unitholder administration costs” on the interim Statements of Comprehensive Income.

7. Partners’ Equity

Partners’ equity represents the net assets of the Partnership and is comprised of issued Units and accumulated deficit. The Partnership is not subject to any regulatory requirements on capital. The capital of the Partnership is managed in accordance with the Partnership’s investment objectives, policies and restrictions as outlined in the Partnership’s prospectus. The Units were issued at a price of \$1,000 per Unit, subject to a minimum subscription of five Units for \$5,000. Prior to July 1, 2018, the Partnership intends to transfer its assets to a mutual fund in exchange for redeemable shares of said mutual fund.

Pursuant to the terms of the transfer agreement and the partnership agreement, upon completion of the mutual fund rollover transaction and the dissolution of the Partnership, limited partners would receive their pro rata share of said mutual fund shares on a tax-deferred basis.

All Units are of the same class with equal rights and privileges, including equal participation in any distribution made by the Partnership and the right to one vote at any meeting of the limited partners. Under IAS 32 – *Financial Instruments: Presentation*, financial instruments that include a contractual obligation for the issuing entity to deliver a pro rata share of its net assets only on liquidation shall be classified as equity provided they contain certain features. Since the Units of the Partnership contain said features, they are classified as equity.

Summaries of the outstanding Units are outlined in the following table.

Number of Outstanding Units	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Beginning of period	22,310	–
Subscriptions	–	22,310
End of period	22,310	22,310

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited) (cont'd)

8. Comparison of IFRS Net Assets per Unit and Transactional NAV per Unit

The table below provides a comparison of Net Assets per Unit under IFRS and Transactional NAV per Unit.

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Transactional NAV per Unit	\$832.49	\$774.40
IFRS Net Assets per Unit	\$849.31	\$783.62

9. Increase in Net Assets from Operations per Unit

The increase in net assets from operations per Unit for the period ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 is calculated as follows:

	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Increase in net assets from operations (in 000's)	\$1,429	\$1,572
Weighted average of Units outstanding during the period	22,310	20,854
Increase in net assets from operations per Unit	\$64.05	\$75.37

10. Risks Associated with Financial Instruments

The Partnership aims to provide for a tax-assisted investment in a diversified portfolio of flow-through shares and other securities, if any, of resource companies with a view to earning income and achieving capital appreciation for limited partners.

The investment activities of the Partnership expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk (including interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk), and concentration risk. The Manager seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of these risks on the Partnership's performance by employing and overseeing professional and experienced portfolio advisors that regularly monitor the Partnership's optimal asset mix and market events, as well as diversify the investment portfolio within the constraints of the Partnership's investment objective.

To assist in managing risks, the Manager has established and maintains a governance structure that oversees the Partnership's investment activities and monitors compliance with the Partnership's stated investment objectives and guidelines. Significant risks that are relevant to the Partnership are discussed below.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the counterparty by failing to discharge an obligation. The Partnership may become exposed to credit risk from the purchase of debt instruments, engaging in securities transactions (including warrants) or through the use of custody, loan and/or bank accounts, as applicable.

As at June 30, 2017, approximately \$2,532,000 (December 31, 2016 - \$2,618,000) of the Partnership's net assets were exposed to credit risk.

All investment transactions are settled on delivery, minimizing the risk of default on investment transactions. Delivery of securities on a sale is only made once the custodian has received payment and, conversely, payment is only made on a purchase once the securities have been delivered to the custodian. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligations. When the Partnership trades in listed or unlisted securities through a broker, the Partnership only transacts with reputable brokers that are duly registered with applicable securities regulators. In addition, custody transactions are carried out by counterparties that have a Standard & Poor's credit rating of "A" or higher. As such, credit risk tied to securities transactions is considered minimal.

The Partnership only deposits assets with reputable companies that are eligible to act as a custodian under the provisions of National Instrument 81-102 – "Investment Funds". However, in the event of bankruptcy or insolvency of such companies, the securities or other assets deposited therewith may be exposed to credit risk, or access to those securities or other assets may be delayed or limited.

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited) (cont'd)

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Partnership may not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. In order to maintain sufficient liquidity, the Partnership typically invests its assets in securities that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed. The Partnership also invests in securities that are not traded in an active market and may be illiquid. Such investments are identified as restricted securities in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio. In addition, the Partnership aims to retain sufficient cash positions to maintain liquidity.

The financial liabilities disclosed in the interim Statements of Financial Position are all current liabilities, and are therefore normally paid within the fiscal year.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Partnership's financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Exposure to interest rate risk is mainly tied to the amount borrowed under the Partnership's credit facility. The following table summarizes the Partnership's exposure to interest rate risk as at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

	June 30, 2017 (in 000's)	December 31, 2016 (in 000's)
Loan payable (Note 5)	\$1,685	\$1,685
Total	\$1,685	\$1,685

If prevailing interest rates had been raised or lowered by 1%, with all other variables held constant, net assets would have decreased or increased, respectively, by approximately \$17,000 (December 31, 2016 - \$17,000).

Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Exposure to currency risk is mainly in financial instruments (including cash) that are denominated in a currency other than Canadian dollars, which is the functional currency of the Partnership.

The table below presents major currencies the Partnership had exposure to as at June 30, 2017. The table also illustrates the potential impact on the Partnership's net assets if the Canadian dollar had strengthened or weakened by 5% in relation to each of the other currencies, before considering changes to management and performance fees.

June 30, 2017						
(In 000's)	Exposure			Sensitivity to 5% Fluctuation in Foreign Exchange Values		
Currency	Cash	Securities	Total	Cash	Securities	Total
United States Dollar	\$-	\$2,532	\$2,532	\$-	\$127	\$127
Total	\$-	\$2,532	\$2,532	\$-	\$127	\$127
% of Net Assets	-	13.40	13.40	-	0.70	0.70

December 31, 2016						
(In 000's)	Exposure			Sensitivity to 5% Fluctuation in Foreign Exchange Values		
Currency	Cash	Securities	Total	Cash	Securities	Total
United States Dollar	\$-	\$2,618	\$2,618	\$-	\$131	\$131
Total	\$-	\$2,618	\$2,618	\$-	\$131	\$131
% of Net Assets	-	15.00	15.00	-	0.70	0.70

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited) (cont'd)

Other Price Risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk) caused by factors specific to a security, its issuer or all factors affecting a market or a market segment. Exposure to other price risk is mainly in equities. As at June 30, 2017, approximately \$12,482,000 (December 31, 2016 - \$16,397,000) of the Partnership's net assets were exposed to other price risk. If prices of these investments had decreased or increased by 5%, before considering changes to management and performance fees, net assets of the Partnership would have decreased or increased, respectively, by approximately \$624,000 (December 31, 2016 - \$820,000).

Concentration Risk

Concentration risk arises as a result of the concentration of exposures within the same category, whether it is geographical location, product type, or industry sector. The following is a summary of the Partnership's concentration risk.

As a Percentage of Net Assets (%)	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
EQUITIES	66.1	93.8
Gold and Precious Metals	38.0	39.6
Diversified Metals and Mining	19.2	19.2
Energy (Other)	8.9	35.0
FIXED INCOME	13.4	15.0
Energy (Other)	13.4	15.0

11. Fair Value Hierarchy

The Partnership classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 1 financial instruments include actively listed equities and other publicly quoted investments. The Manager does not adjust the quoted price for these instruments.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument, including quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets. Level 2 financial instruments include those that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices or dealer quotations supported by observable inputs. These include certain listed equities that are subject to sale restrictions, whose valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are based on unobservable market data. Level 3 financial instruments are those that have at least one significant unobservable input, as they are not based on quoted market prices. Level 3 instruments include private equity and private debt securities. As observable prices are not available for these securities, the Manager has used valuation techniques to derive fair value. Level 3 valuations are reviewed on a quarterly basis by the Partnership's valuation committee, which evaluates the model inputs as well as the valuation results prior to making any fair value determinations regarding the Partnership's Level 3 financial instruments.

The following table summarizes the fair value hierarchy of the Partnership's financial instruments as at June 30, 2017.

June 30, 2017 (in 000's)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equities	\$11,049	\$534	\$501	\$12,084
Fixed Income	-	-	2,532	2,532
Warrants	-	398	-	398
Total Financial Instruments	\$11,049	\$932	\$3,033	\$15,014

CMP 2016 Resource Limited Partnership

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited) (cont'd)

The following table summarizes the fair value hierarchy of the Partnership's financial instruments as at December 31, 2016.

December 31, 2016				
(in 000's)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equities	\$12,428	\$3,262	\$501	\$16,191
Fixed Income	-	-	2,618	2,618
Warrants	-	206	-	206
Total Financial Instruments	\$12,428	\$3,468	\$3,119	\$19,015

Reconciliation of Level 3 Financial Instruments

The following table presents the movement in the Partnership's Level 3 financial instruments for the period ended June 30, 2017.

June 30, 2017			
(\$000's)	Equities	Fixed income	Total
Beginning of period	\$501	\$2,618	\$3,119
Change in unrealized depreciation*	-	(86)	(86)
End of period	\$501	\$2,532	\$3,033

* Change in unrealized depreciation for recurring Level 3 financial instruments held as at June 30, 2017 was approximately (\$86,000).

The following table presents the movement in the Partnership's Level 3 financial instruments for the period ended December 31, 2016.

December 31, 2016			
(\$000's)	Equities	Fixed income	Total
Beginning of period	\$-	\$-	\$-
Purchases	501	2,627	3,128
Change in unrealized depreciation*	-	(9)	(9)
End of period	\$501	\$2,618	\$3,119

* Change in unrealized depreciation for recurring Level 3 financial instruments held as at December 31, 2016 was approximately (\$9,000).

The change in unrealized depreciation relates to those financial instruments held by the Partnership as at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, and are reflected in the interim Statements of Comprehensive Income in "Net change in unrealized appreciation in value of investments".

Significant Unobservable Inputs in Measuring Fair Value

As at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, The Partnership's Level 3 securities consisted of holdings in Cabral Gold Ltd. and Braggawatt Energy Inc. Fair value for all Level 3 instruments as at June 30, 2017, was based on comparable price movements. Comparable price movements entails monitoring the share price movements of a comparable peer group of publicly-listed companies in order to ascertain general trends and ultimately apply those trends to the fair value of the related holding. The Manager assembles a peer group by selecting a basket of companies that share investment characteristics and risks with the holding being fair valued. A sensitivity analysis is not presented herewith as the Manager considers there to be no relevant range for presenting sensitivities with these valuation techniques. All level 3 securities were purchased at arm's length. Fair value for all Level 3 instruments as at December 31, 2016, were valued at cost, as the Manager believes cost is a reasonable approximation of fair value, given the recent nature of these purchases.

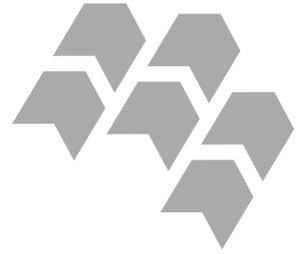
Financial Instruments by Category

The following table presents the net gain on financial instruments at FVTPL by category for the period ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

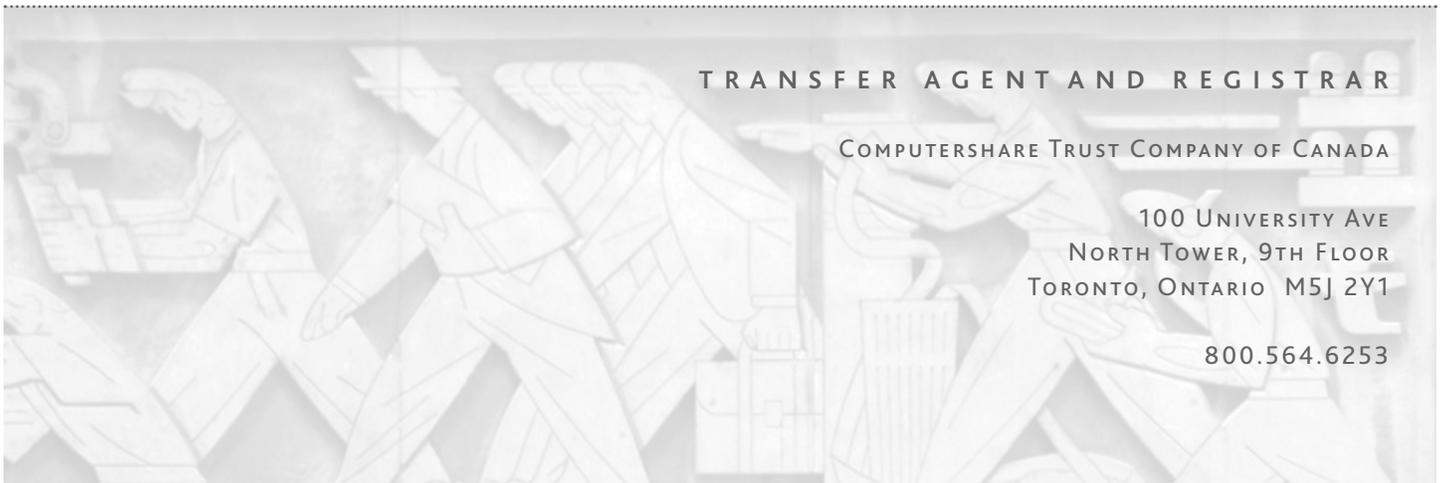
Financial assets at FVTPL (in 000's)	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
HFT	\$192	\$155
Designated FVTPL	1,671	1,709
Total	\$1,863	\$1,864

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CMP 2016 RESOURCE
LIMITED PARTNERSHIP



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